

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A storage apparatus used in a distributed storage system, comprising:

a file memory to store data corresponding to identifiers of an allocated area in an identifier space;

a first memory to store a basis position of the allocated area in the identifier space;

a second memory to store a weight of the storage apparatus as a performance degree, the weight being calculated by at least one of storage capacity, calculation ability, and circuit speed of the storage apparatus;

a first decision unit configured to decide a space width to divisionally allocate the identifier space with another storage apparatus by using the weight and a weight of the another storage apparatus, the another storage apparatus allocating a neighboring area of the allocated area in the identifier space; and

a second decision unit configured to decide the allocated area of an area between the basis position and a basis position of the neighboring area in the identifier space by using the space width.

2. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 1,
wherein said first decision unit calculates a sum of the weight of the storage
apparatus and the weight of the another storage apparatus, divides the weight of the
storage apparatus by the sum, and sets the division result as the space width.

3. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 2,
wherein said second decision unit multiplies a value of the basis position of the
storage apparatus with a subtraction value of the space width from one as a first
multiplication value, multiplies a value of the basis position of another storage apparatus
with the space width as a second multiplication value, calculates a sum of the first
multiplication value and the second multiplication value, and sets an area between a
position of the sum and the basis position of the storage apparatus in the identifier
space as the allocated area.

4. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 1,
wherein the basis position of the another storage apparatus is nearest to the
basis position of the storage apparatus in other storage apparatuses each of which has
a different basis position in the identifier space, and
wherein the another storage apparatus is regarded as a neighboring storage
apparatus.

5. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 4,
wherein, if a basis position of a first neighboring storage apparatus exists on one
side of the basis position of the storage apparatus and a basis position of a second
neighboring storage apparatus exists on the other side of the basis position of the
storage apparatus in the identifier space,
said second decision unit decides a first allocated area for the first neighboring
storage apparatus and a second allocated area for the second neighboring storage
apparatus, and sets a merger area of the first allocated area and the second allocated
area as the allocated area.

6. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 4,
wherein, if a basis position of the neighboring storage apparatus exists on one
side of the basis position of the storage apparatus and all basis positions of other
storage apparatuses do not exist on the other side of the basis position of the storage
apparatus in the identifier space,
said second decision unit decides a first allocated area for the neighboring
storage apparatus, decides a second allocated area between the basis position of the
storage apparatus and an edge position of the other side in the identifier space, and
sets a merger area of the first allocated area and the second allocated area as the
allocated area.

7. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 4, further comprising:
a third memory to store an address of the storage apparatus,
wherein the basis position of the storage apparatus is calculated by applying a
hash function to the address.
8. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 7, further comprising:
an acquirement unit configured to acquire an address of the neighboring storage
apparatus, and
a fourth memory to store the address of the neighboring storage apparatus.
9. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 8,
wherein a basis position of the neighboring storage apparatus is calculated by
applying the hash function to the address of the neighboring storage apparatus.
10. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 9,
wherein said acquirement unit calculates a first sum of the basis position of the
storage apparatus and 2^{b-1} (b : predetermined integral number), calculates a second
sum of the basis position of the neighboring storage apparatus and 2^{b-1} , and acquires
addresses of other storage apparatuses each allocating an area of the first sum or an
area of the second sum in the identifier space, and
wherein said fourth memory stores the addresses.
11. (canceled)

12. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the data stored in said file memory is a file or a block of a file.

13. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the address of the storage apparatus is an IP address.

14. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the storage apparatus corresponds to a plurality of virtual nodes each of which has a different basis position in the identifier space, and wherein said second decision unit respectively decides the allocated area of each of the plurality of virtual nodes.

15. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the basis position of each virtual node is calculated by applying the hash function to a multiplication value of the address of the storage apparatus with an identifier of each virtual node.

16. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 14, wherein each virtual node has a different weight previously assigned.

17. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 14, wherein each virtual node has a common weight previously assigned.

18. (Original) The storage apparatus according to claim 4,

wherein one of other storage apparatuses of which the basis position is the n-th
(n: predetermined integral number above one) nearest to the basis position of the
storage apparatus in all basis positions of other storage apparatuses is regarded as a
neighboring storage apparatus, and

wherein said second decision unit decides the allocated area of the storage
apparatus for the neighboring storage apparatus.

19. (Currently Amended) An area allocation method in a storage apparatus,
comprising:

storing data corresponding to identifiers of an allocated area in an identifier
space;

storing a basis position of the allocated area in the identifier space;

storing a weight of the storage apparatus as a performance degree, the weight
being calculated by at least one of storage capacity, calculation ability, and circuit speed
of the storage apparatus;

deciding a space width to divisionally allocate the identifier space with another
storage apparatus by using the weight and a weight of the another storage apparatus,
the another storage apparatus allocating a neighboring area of the allocated area in the
identifier space; and

deciding the allocated area of an area between the basis position and a basis
position of the neighboring area in the identifier space by using the space width.

20. (Currently Amended) A computer program product, comprising:

 a computer readable program code embodied in said product for causing a computer to allocate an area in a storage apparatus, said computer readable program code comprising:

 a first program code to store data corresponding to identifiers of an allocated area in an identifier space;

 a second program code to store a basis position of the allocated area in the identifier space;

 a third program code to store a weight of the storage apparatus as a performance degree, the weight being calculated by at least one of storage capacity, calculation ability, and circuit speed of the storage apparatus;

 a fourth program code to decide a space width to divisionally allocate the identifier space with another storage apparatus by using the weight and a weight of the another storage apparatus , the another storage apparatus allocating a neighboring area of the allocated area in the identifier space; and

 a fifth program code to decide the allocated area of an area between the basis position and a basis position of the neighboring area in the identifier space by using the space width.